



Tunable Time Delays for Phased Array Antenna Systems

DARPA AOSP KICKOFF MEETING

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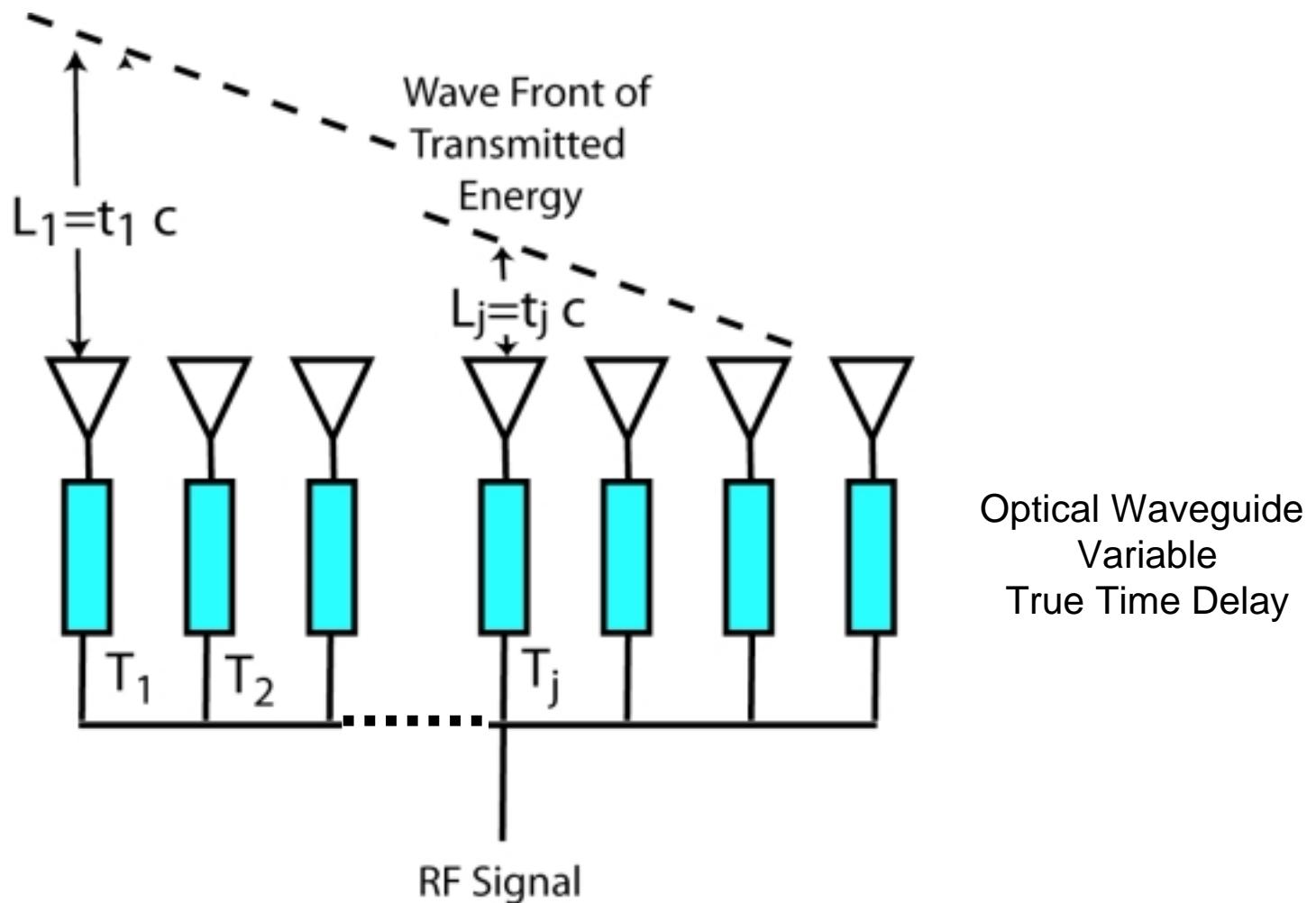


Outline

- **Part I**
 - **Program Goals**
 - **Basic Design of Optical Delay System**
 - **Tunable Optical Delay Architecture**
 - **Thermal Switch**
 - **Electro-Optic Organic Crystals, DAST**
 - **Low Loss Wave Guide Fabrication**
- **Part II**
 - **Tunable Delay Implementation**



Phased Array Antenna System Motivation





Program Goals

- **Year 1**
 - Variable time delay ≤ 10 ns, 1 dB/ns loss, 20% thermal tuning
 - Design 3-D structures – IC fab, self assembly, ...
 - Study alternative tuning techniques, eg electro-optic material
- **Year 2**
 - Integrate multiple waveguides, 1 μ s tuning rate
 - Develop low loss waveguide, 10 ns delay, 0.1 dB/ns, 20% range
 2-D photonic crystal
 - Fabricate 3-D structures
 - Demonstrate variable attenuator
- **Year 3**
 - Integrate variable attenuator – demonstrate fixed loss variable delay
 - Develop lower loss waveguide, 0.01 dB/ns loss, 50 ns delay, 20% tuning – 3-D photonic crystal



Outline

- **Part I**

- Program Goals
 - **Basic Design of Optical Delay System**
 - Dispersion Effect
 - Design Trade Offs

Bandwidth

Dispersion

Pointing Accuracy

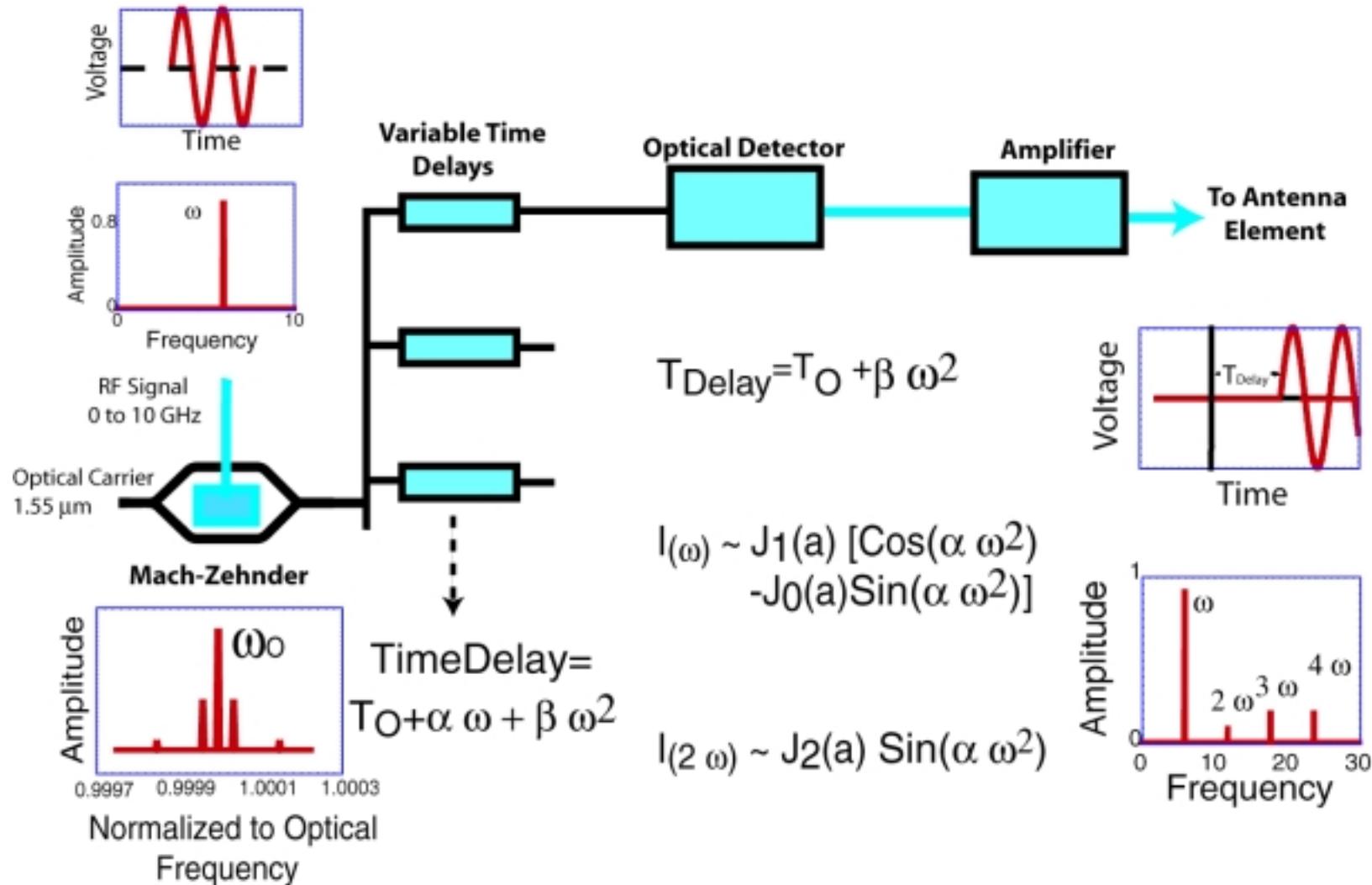
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Variable Time Delay Unit





System Degradation by Dispersion

$$\text{Time Delay} = T_0 + \omega \alpha + \omega^2 \beta$$

First Order Dispersion, α

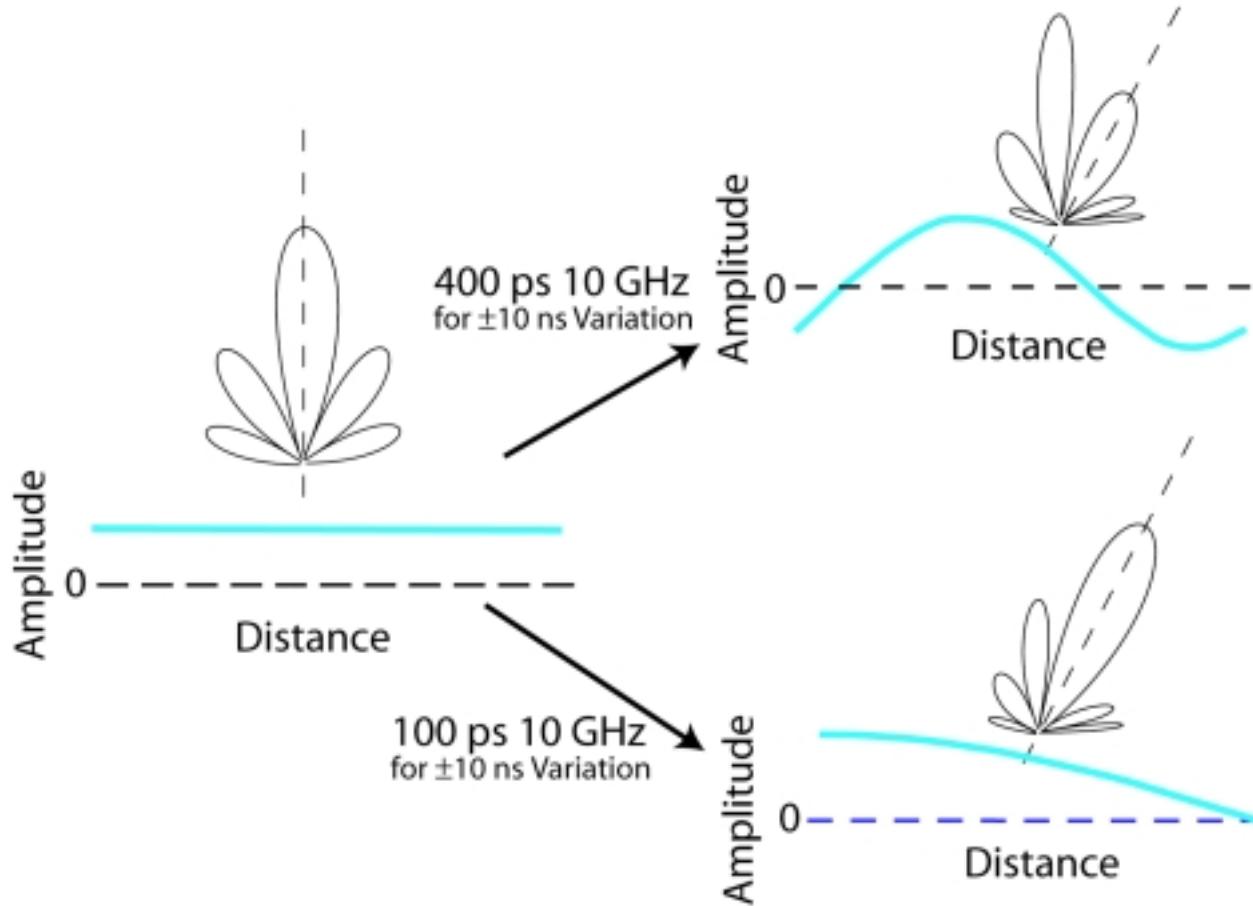
- Time Delay -> none
- Phase-> none
- Magnitude-> $\alpha \omega^2$
- Second Harmonic -> $\alpha \omega^2$
- Signal Distortion-> $\alpha \omega^2$

Second Order Dispersion, β

- Time Delay -> $\omega^2 \beta$
- Phase-> none
- Magnitude ->none
- Second Harmonic ->none



First Order Dispersion Antenna Pointing and Power Distribution



Commercial Chirped Fiber Grating 100 ps for 10 ns Delay Variation
Slow -Wave Photonic Crystals Systems 100 to 10 ps for 10 ns Delay Variation

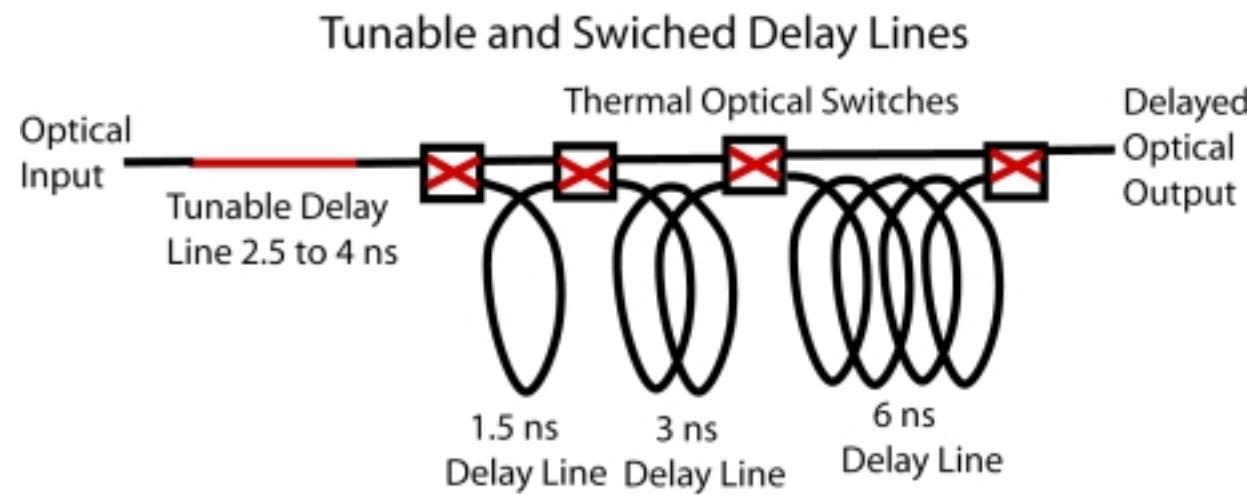
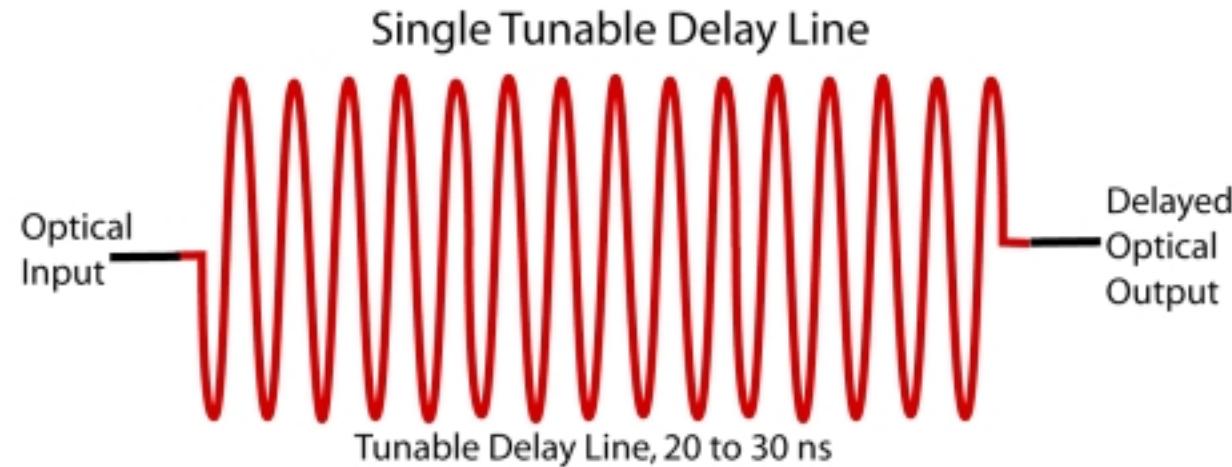


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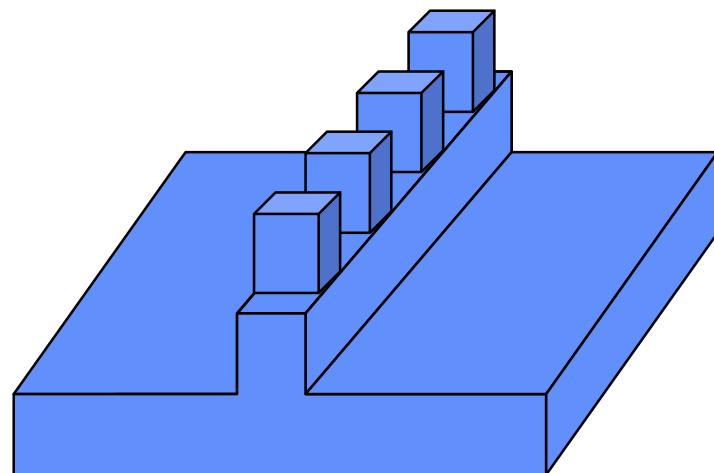
Tunable Time Delay Systems



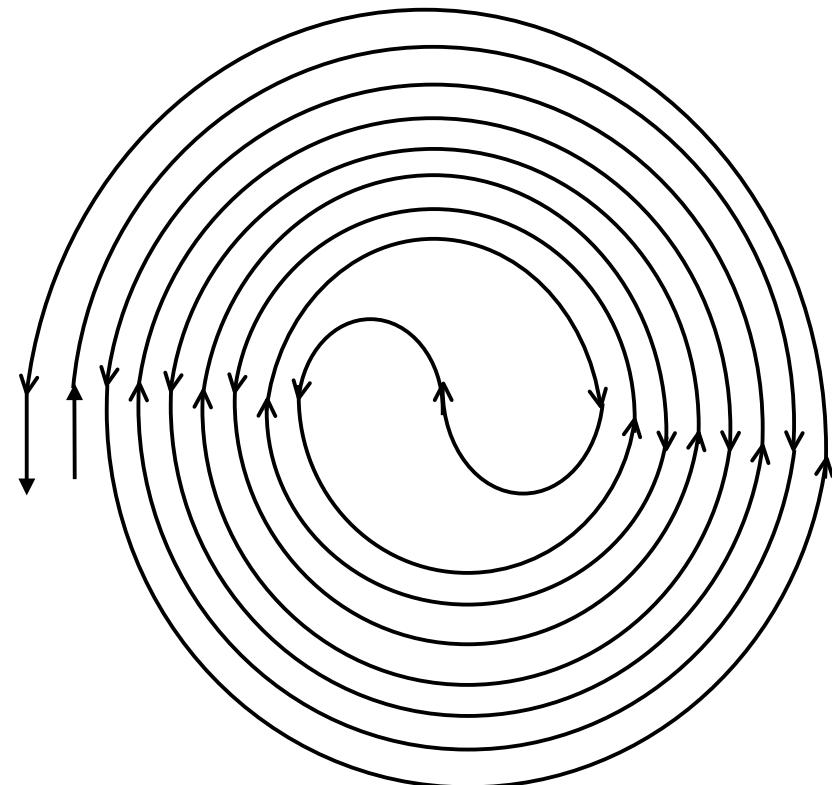


Variable Time Delay Structure Rib Waveguide Etched in Silicon

Tunable Time Delay



Fixed Time Delay

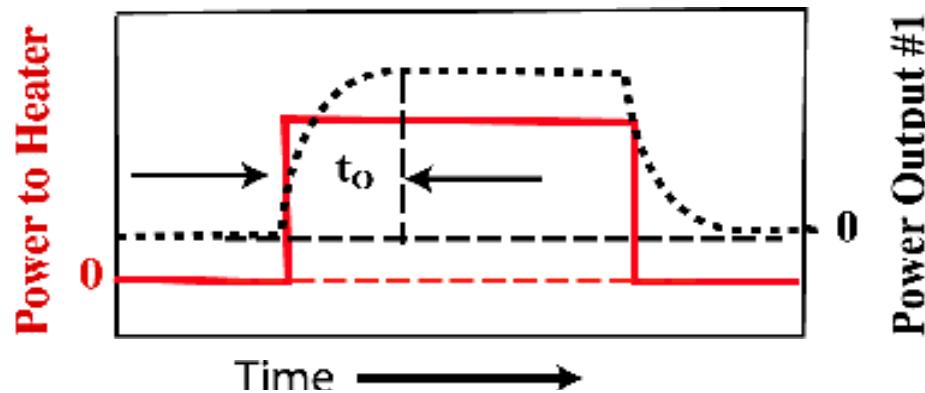
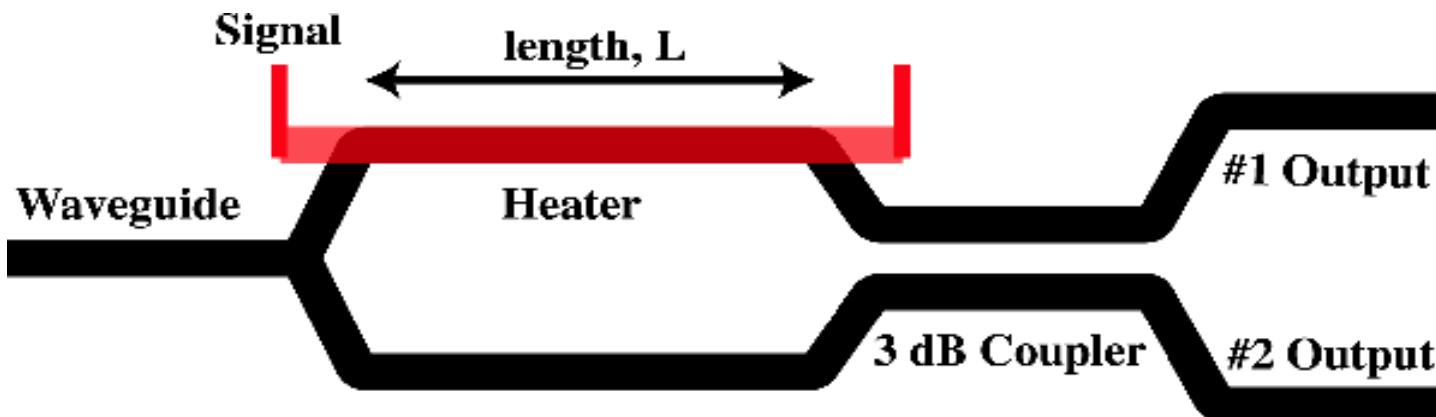


Photonic Bandgap
Slow Wave Structure

Compact Time Delay

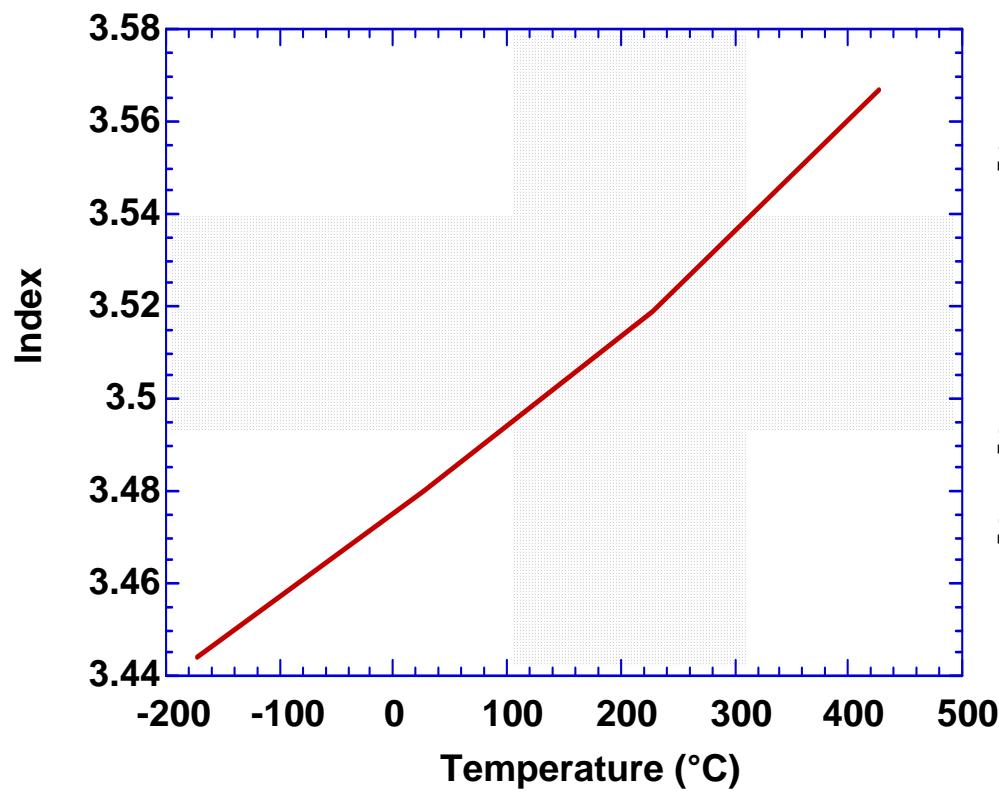


Thermal Mach-Zehnder Optical Switch





Thermal-Optical Properties



Silicon

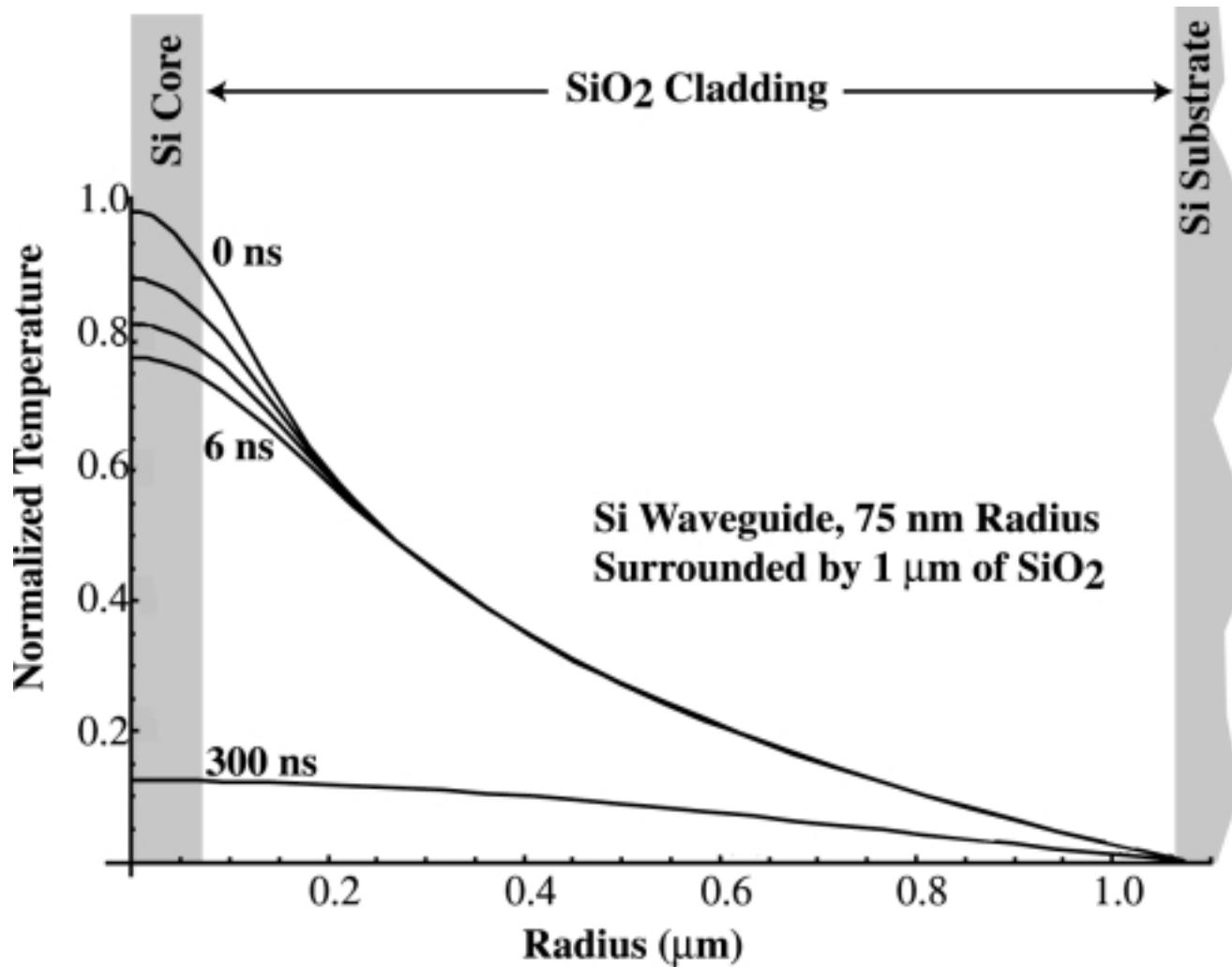
Silicon Dioxide and
Silicon Nitride

$$\frac{dn}{dT} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$$

$$\frac{dn}{dT} \approx -1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$$

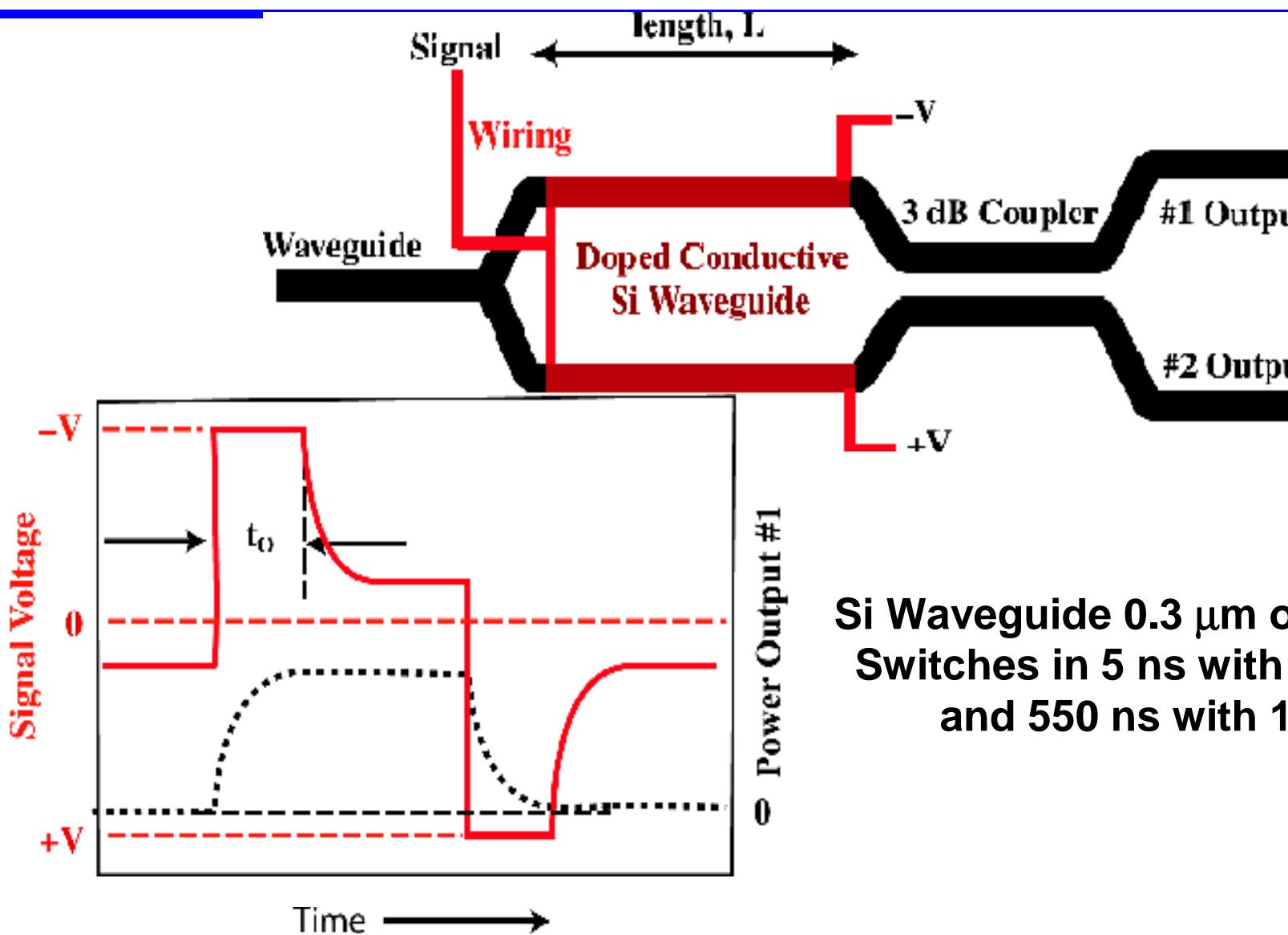


Si Waveguide Temperature Transients





Both Arms of Mach-Zehnder Heated



Si Waveguide 0.3 μm on a side,
Switches in 5 ns with 85 mW,
and 550 ns with 1 mW

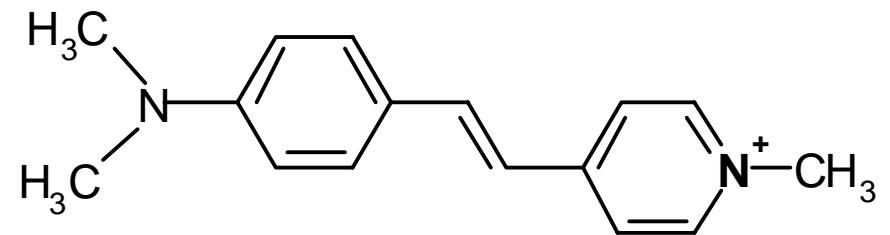
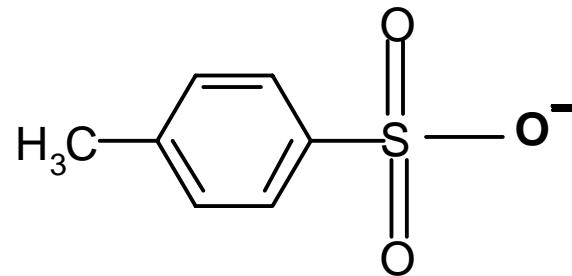
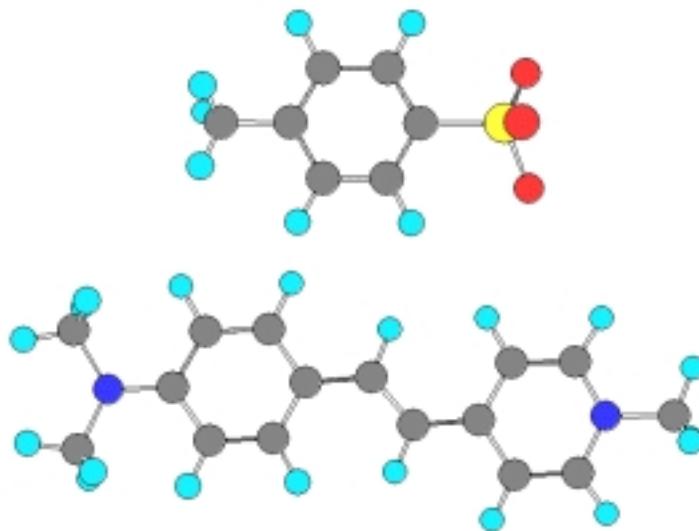


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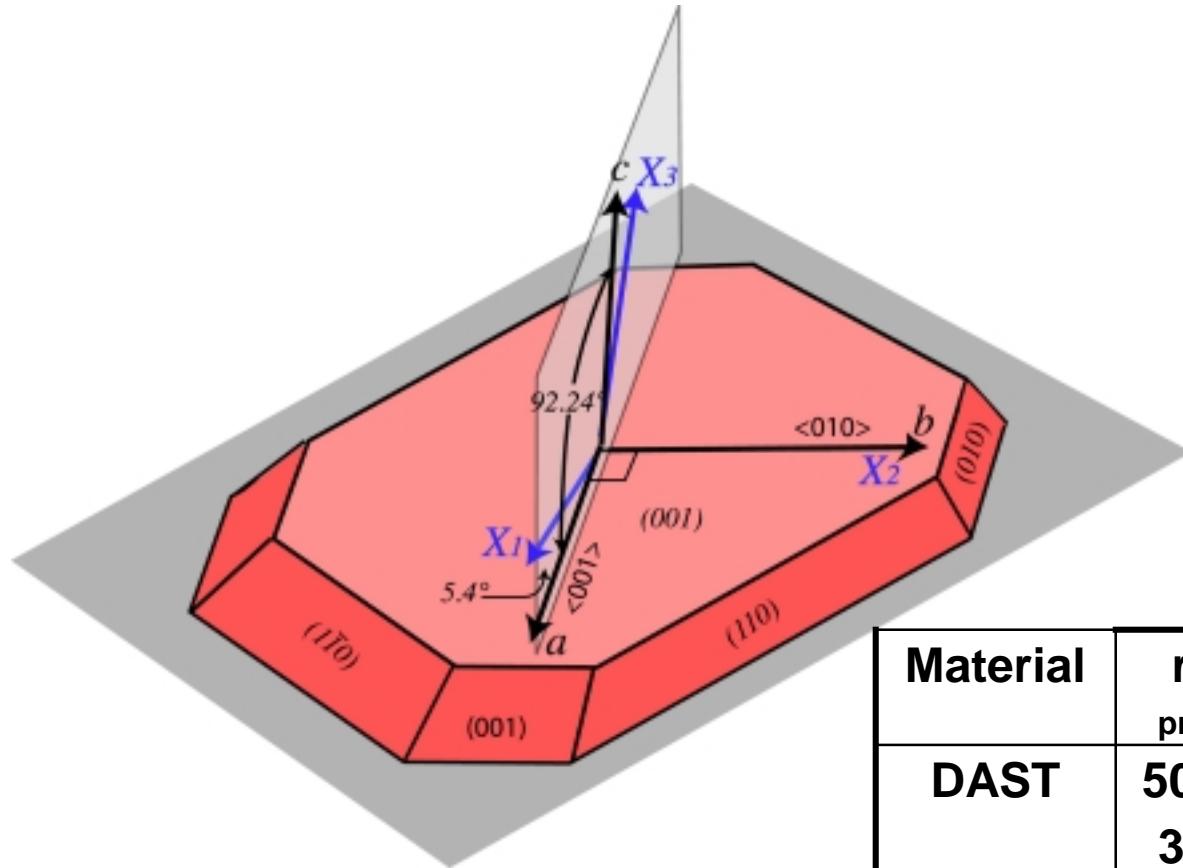
Electro-Optic Switch with DAST



Dimethyl Amino 4-N-Methylstilbazonium Tosylate



Properties of DAST



Material	$r \ n^3$ pm V-1	n_{RF}	n_{Op}	Max. T °C
DAST	500 to 3000	2.2	2.2	260
LiNbO_3	290	5.7	2.1	500 to 1000
Polymer	~290	~1.5	~1.5	~100



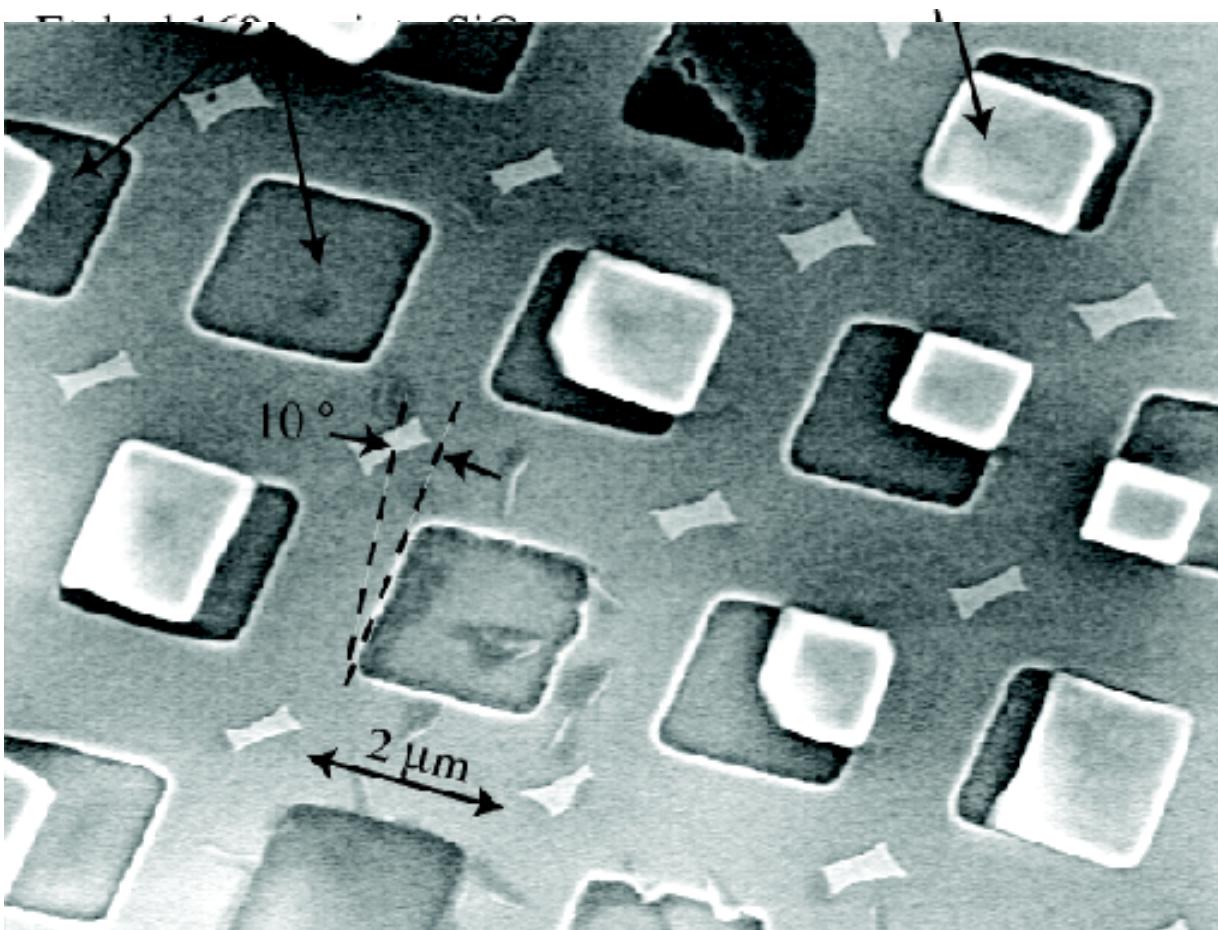
Crystal of DAST Oriented by Lithographic Structures

Parallelogram Pits

Each 1.16 μm

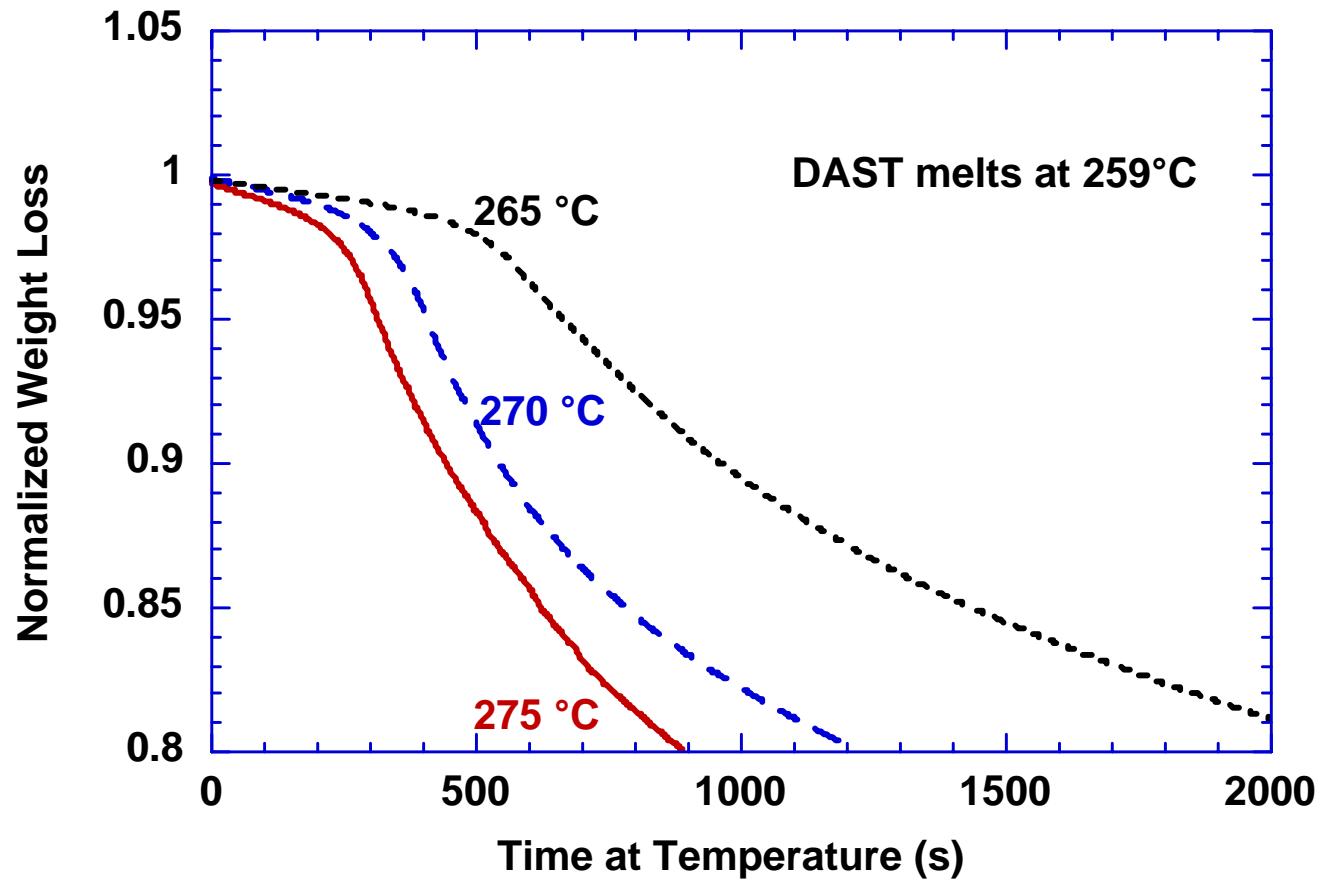
SiO₂ layer

DAST Crystallite



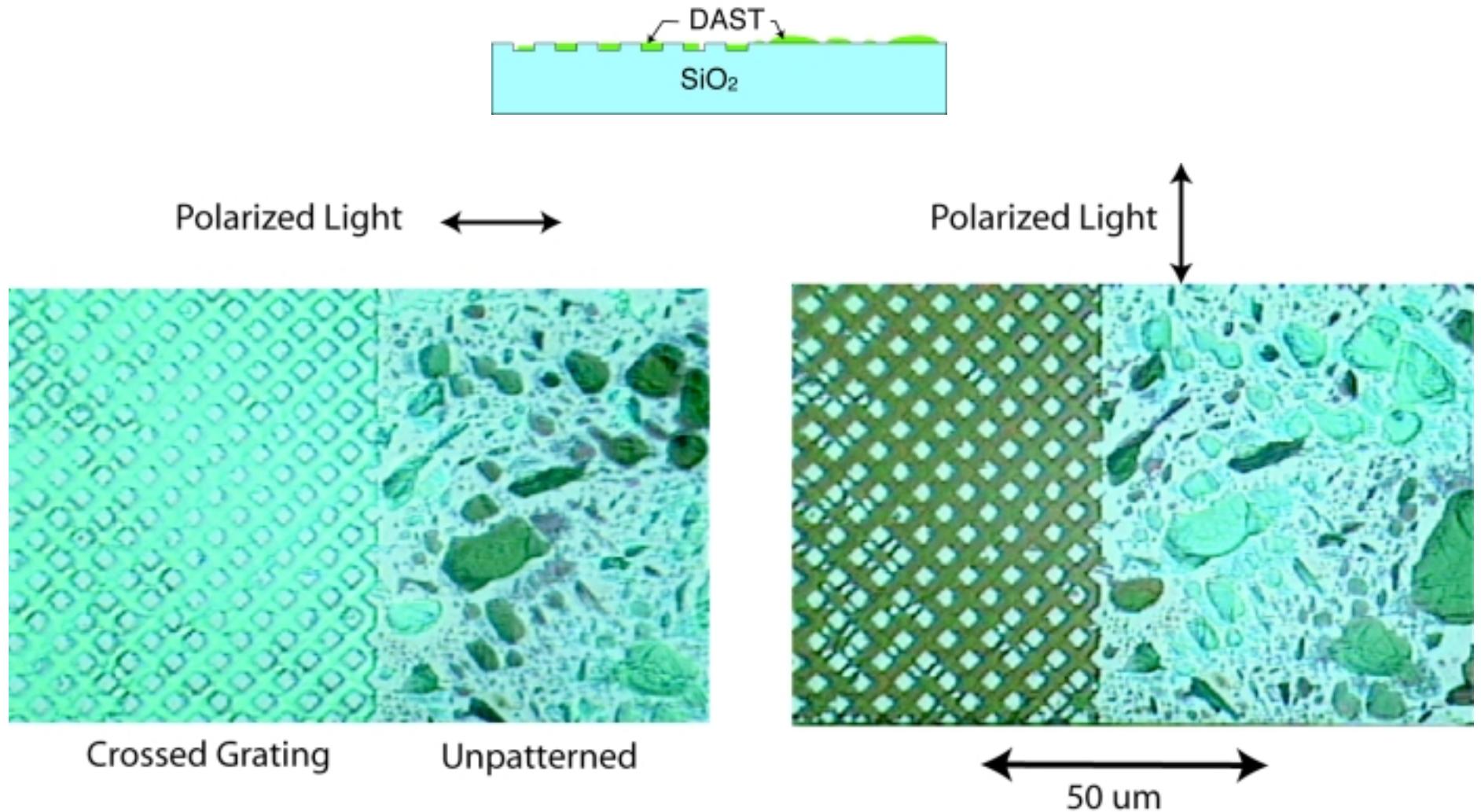


DAST Thermal Properties



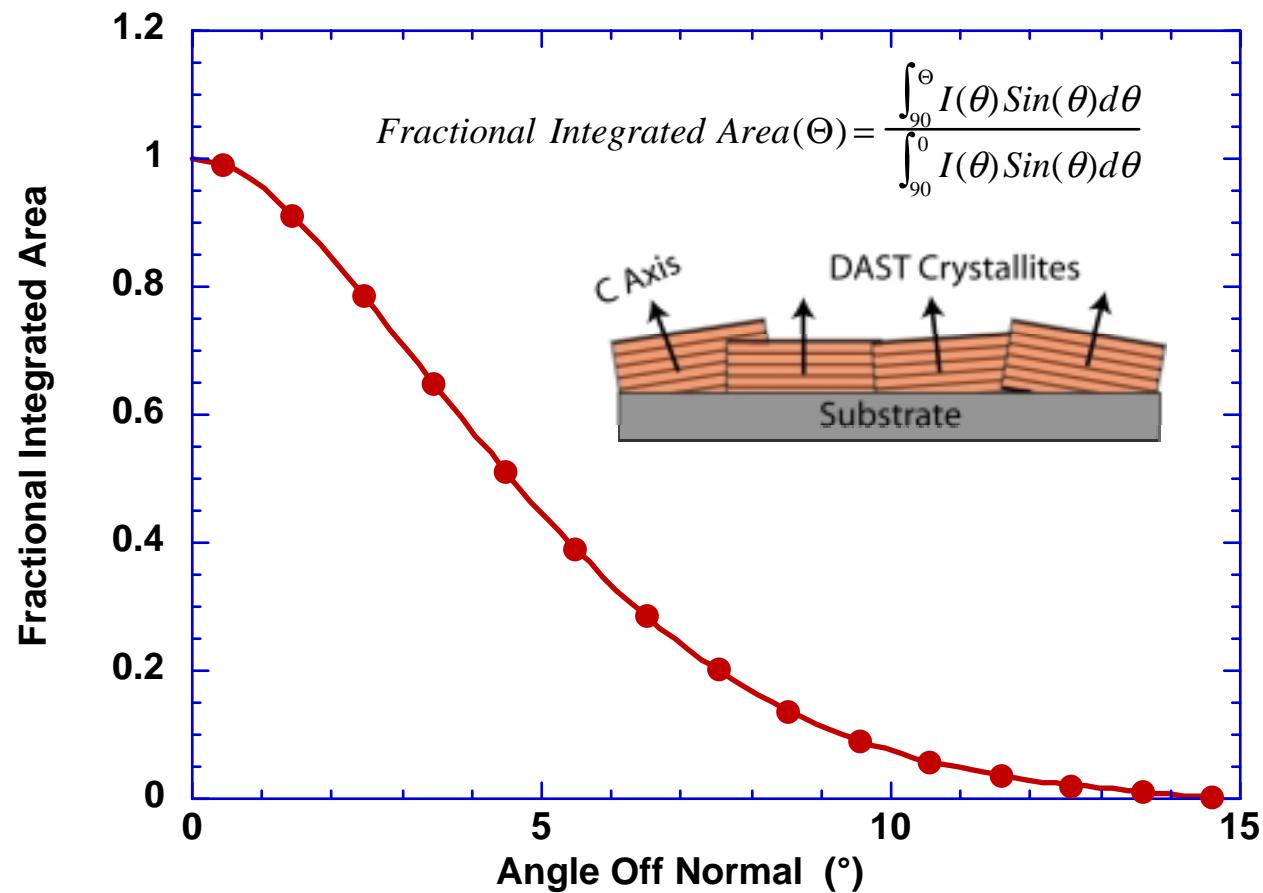


Grating-Stabilized Crystal Growth



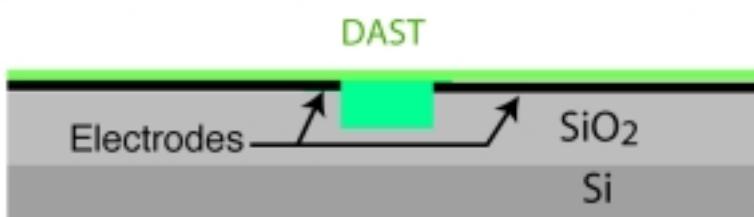
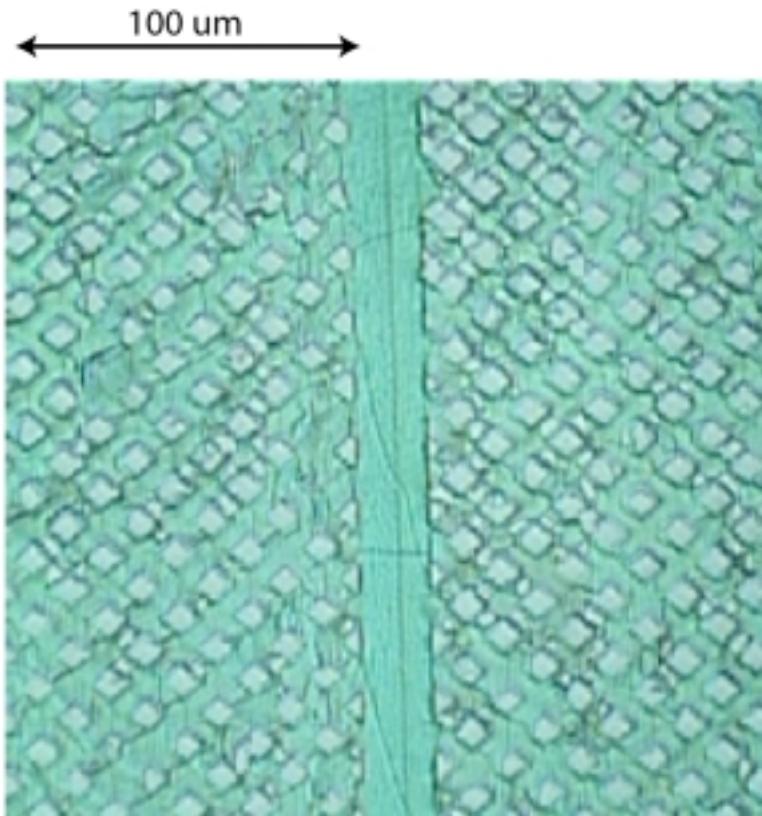


DAST C Axis Orientation



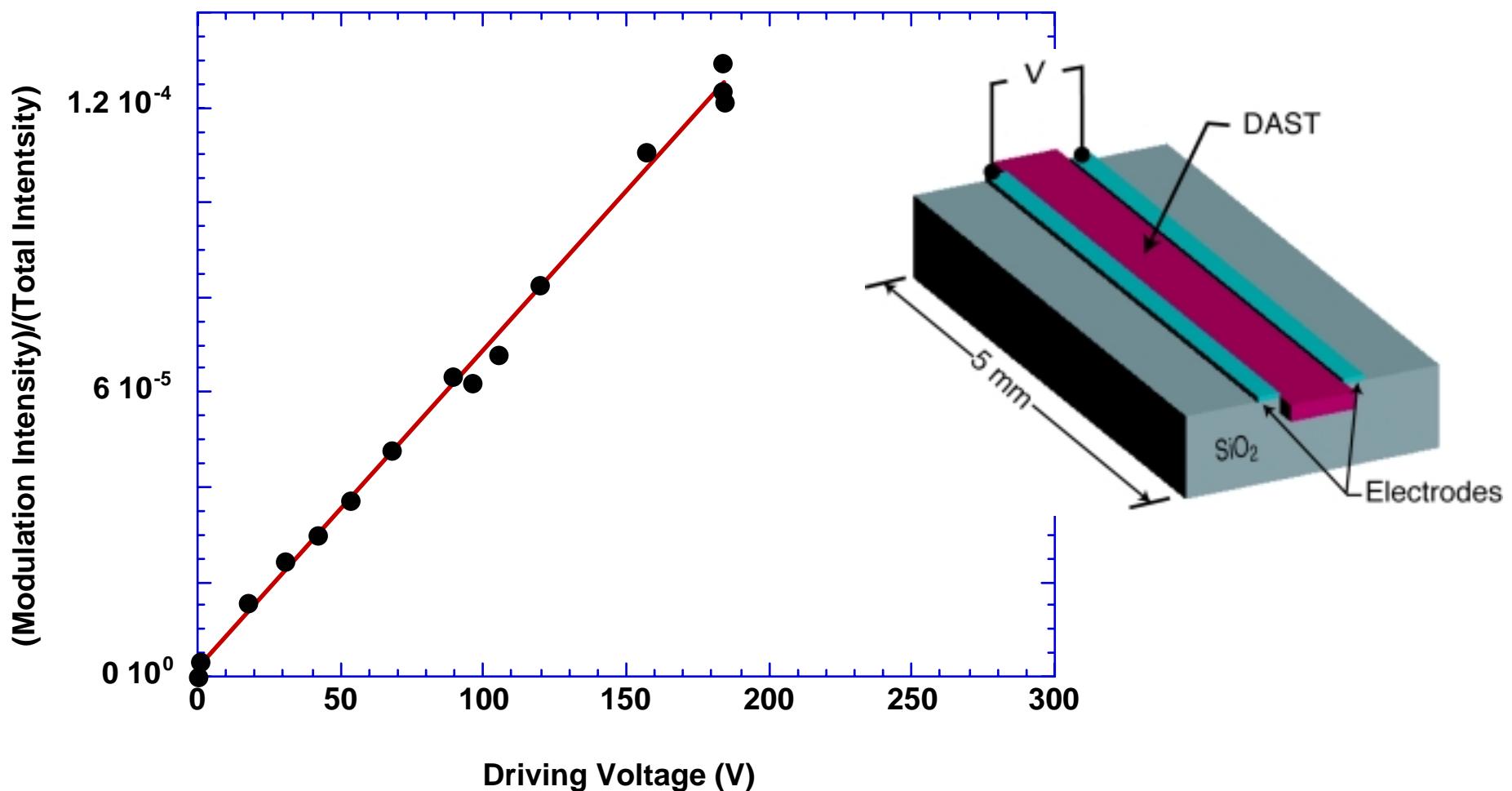


DAST Wave Guide



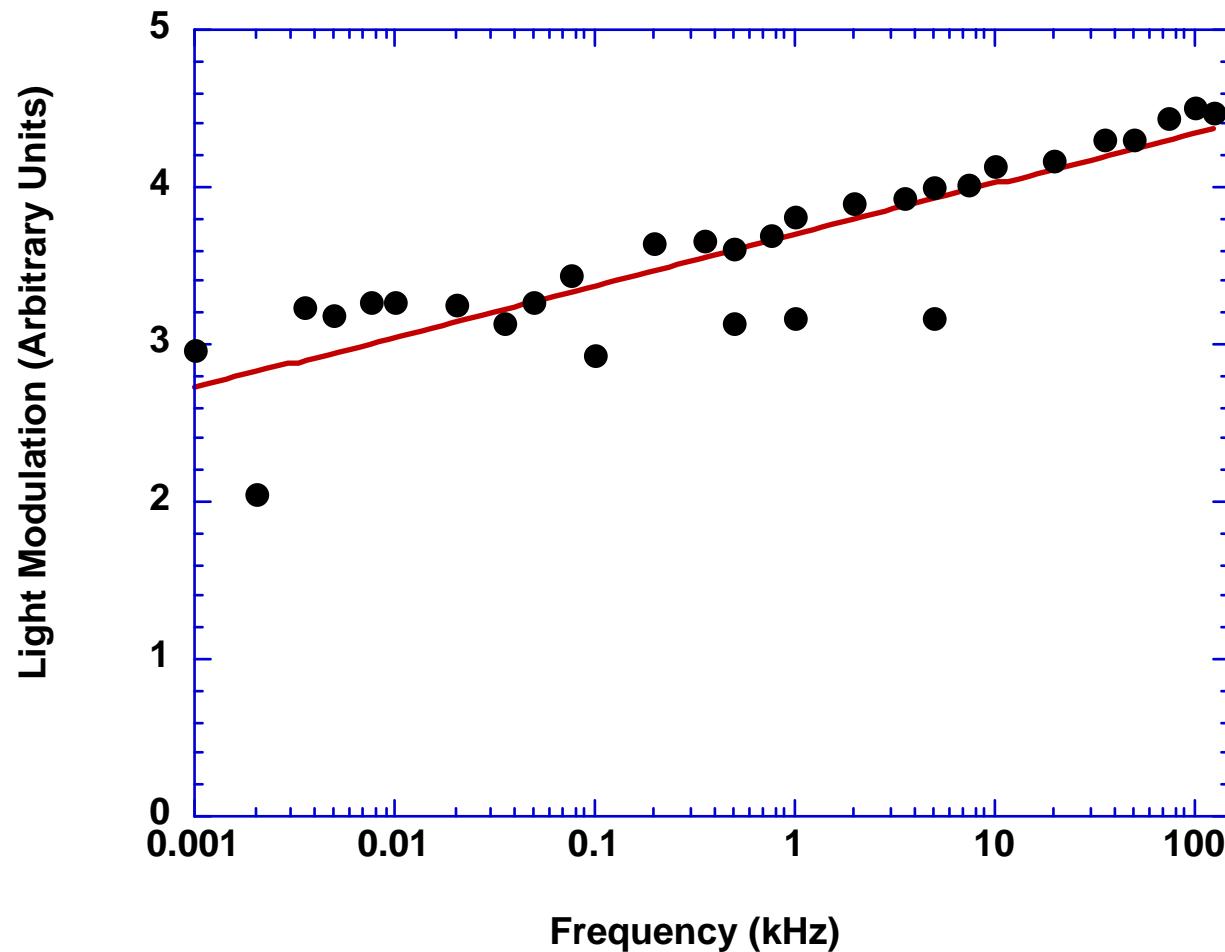


Modulation with DAST Waveguide





DAST Modulator Frequency Response





Outline

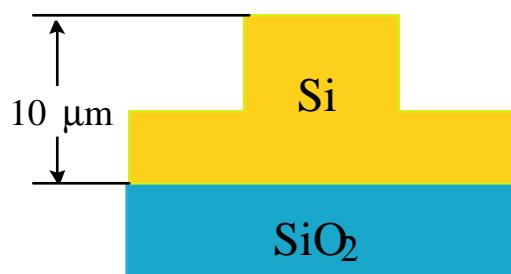
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Waveguides

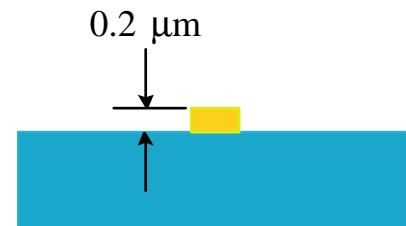
Rib:

- losses ~ 0.1 dB/cm
- bending radius ~ 5 mm
- efficient coupling from fibers



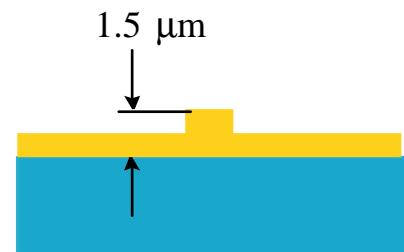
Strip:

- losses ~ 1-10 dB/cm
- bending radius ~ 5 μm



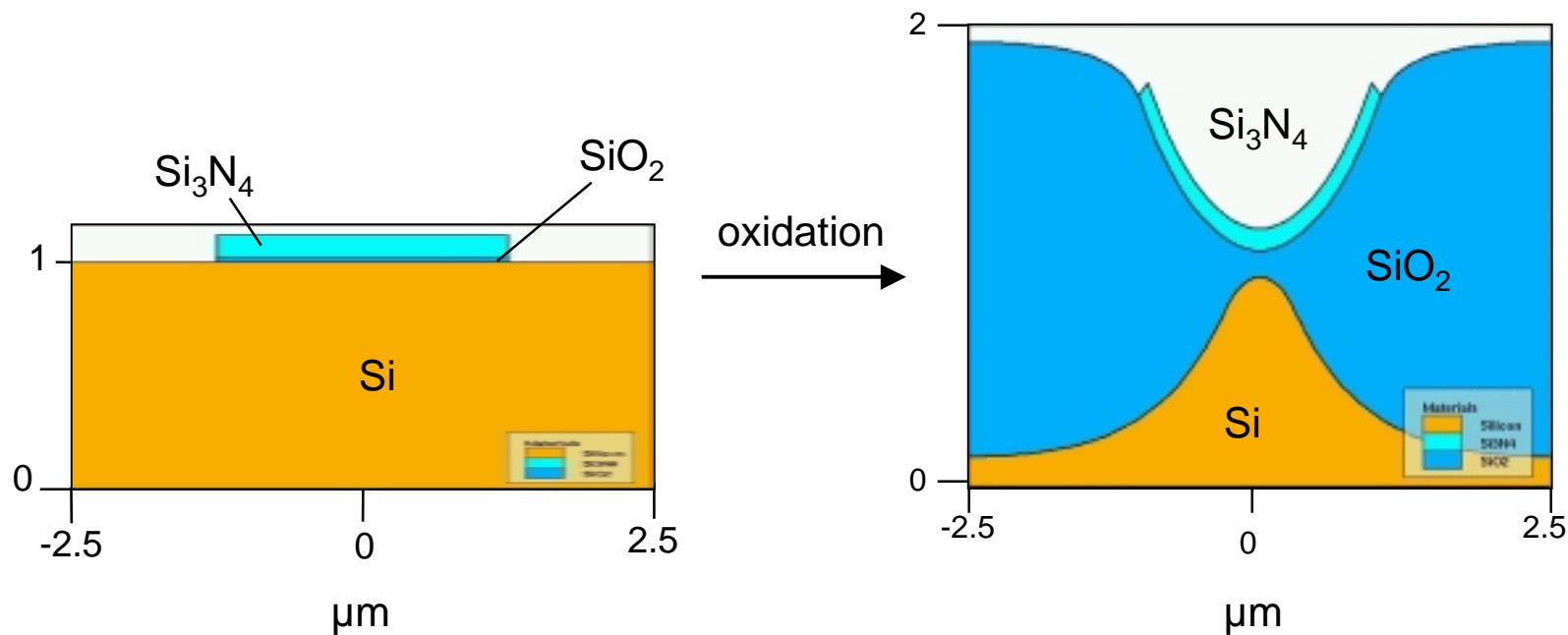
Small Rib:

- losses ~ ?? dB/cm
- bending radius ~ 0.3 mm





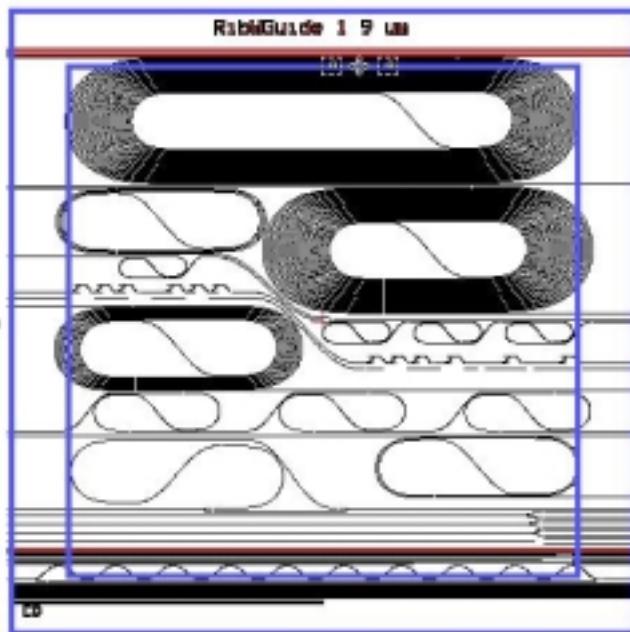
Local Oxide (LOCOS) growth simulations



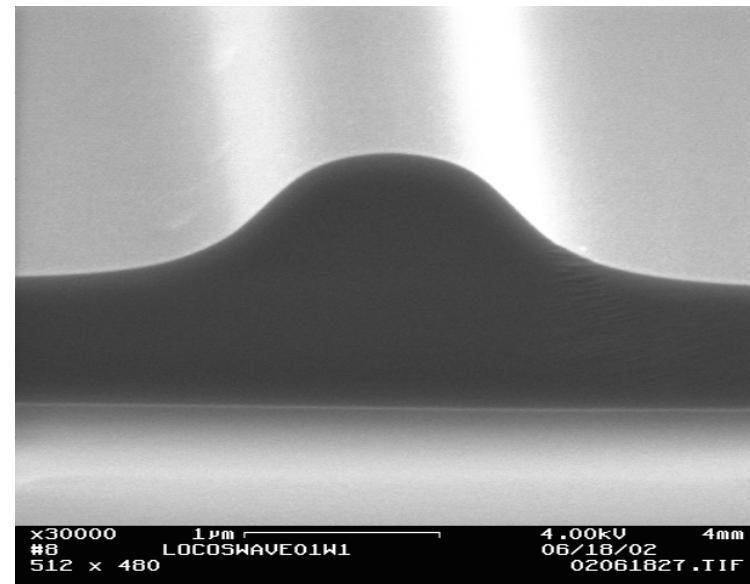


Low-loss Rib Waveguides

← 2.2 cm →



Mask with test waveguide structures for measuring loss.
-Path lengths 2 to 90 cm,
0.2 to 10 ns
-Bending 10 μm to 1 mm



Cross-section of waveguide fabricated in SOI.
-Currently being tested.
-Profile is wider than expected.
(Likely not single mode).



Initial Rib Waveguide Results

- Optical Loss 0.05 to 0.1 dB/cm or 0.5 to 1 dB/ns
- Coupling Loss In and Out 2 to 10 dB, Average ~ 4 dB, Using Fiber Lens



Summary

- **Modeled Variable Time-Delay Structures**
First Order Dispersion Does Not Affect Time Delay or Pointing
- **Modeled Thermal Si Waveguide Mach Zehnders**
 - Fast, ~ 10 ns
 - Low Power, 1 mW
- **Demonstrated Electro-Optic Modulation in DAST**
- **Made Low Loss Waveguides in Si**